

**State of California  
Office of Administrative Law**

**In re:**  
**Fair Employment and Housing Council**

**Regulatory Action:**

**Title 02, California Code of Regulations**

**Amend section: 11034**

**NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF EMERGENCY  
REGULATORY ACTION**

**Government Code Sections 11346.1 and  
11349.6**

**OAL Matter Number: 2018-0502-01**

**OAL Matter Type: Emergency Readopt (EE)**

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This action by the Fair Employment and Housing Council is the second readoption of emergency rulemaking action no. 2017-0803-03E, which clarified that the requirement for gender-neutral signage for single-occupancy facilities does not apply to nonwater carriage disposal facilities in workplaces covered by title 8, California Code of Regulations, sections 1526, 3364, 3457, and 5192.

OAL approves this emergency regulatory action pursuant to sections 11346.1 and 11349.6 of the Government Code.

This emergency regulatory action is effective on 5/15/2018 and will expire on 8/14/2018. The Certificate of Compliance for this action is due no later than 8/13/2018.

Date: May 9, 2018



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Nicole C. Carrillo  
Attorney

For: Debra M. Cornez  
Director

Original: Kevin Kish, Director  
Copy: Brian Sperber

# EMERGENCY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW  
NOTICE PUBLICATION/REGULATIONS SUBMISSION

See instructions on reverse)

For use by Secretary of State only

STD. 400 (REV. 01-2013)

OAL FILE NUMBERS	NOTICE FILE NUMBER	REGULATORY ACTION NUMBER	EMERGENCY NUMBER
Z-			2018-0502-01EE

For use by Office of Administrative Law (OAL) only

**ENDORSED - FILED**  
In the office of the Secretary of State  
of the State of California

MAY 09 2018

1:36 pm

2018 MAY -2 A 10:30  
OFFICE OF  
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

NOTICE

REGULATIONS

AGENCY FILE NUMBER (if any)

AGENCY WITH RULEMAKING AUTHORITY  
Fair Employment and Housing Council of the Department of Fair Employment and Housing

### A. PUBLICATION OF NOTICE (Complete for publication in Notice Register)

1. SUBJECT OF NOTICE	TITLE(S)	FIRST SECTION AFFECTED	2. REQUESTED PUBLICATION DATE
3. NOTICE TYPE <input type="checkbox"/> Notice re Proposed Regulatory Action <input type="checkbox"/> Other	4. AGENCY CONTACT PERSON	TELEPHONE NUMBER	FAX NUMBER (Optional)
<b>OAL USE ONLY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Approved as Submitted <input type="checkbox"/> Approved as Modified <input type="checkbox"/> Disapproved/Withdrawn	ACTION ON PROPOSED NOTICE	NOTICE REGISTER NUMBER	PUBLICATION DATE

### B. SUBMISSION OF REGULATIONS (Complete when submitting regulations)

1a. SUBJECT OF REGULATION(S) Emergency Regulations Regarding Gender-Neutral Facility Signage	1b. ALL PREVIOUS RELATED OAL REGULATORY ACTION NUMBER(S) 2017-0803-03E, 2018-0205-01EE per agency request
2. SPECIFY CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS TITLE(S) AND SECTION(S) (Including title 26, if toxics related)	
SECTION(S) AFFECTED (List all section number(s) individually. Attach additional sheet if needed.)	ADOPT
	AMEND
	11034
TITLE(S)	REPEAL
2	

3. TYPE OF FILING

<input type="checkbox"/> Regular Rulemaking (Gov. Code §11346)	<input type="checkbox"/> Certificate of Compliance: The agency officer named below certifies that this agency complied with the provisions of Gov. Code §§11346.2-11347.3 either before the emergency regulation was adopted or within the time period required by statute.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Emergency Readopt (Gov. Code, §11346.1(h))	<input type="checkbox"/> Changes Without Regulatory Effect (Cal. Code Regs., title 1, §100)
<input type="checkbox"/> Resubmittal of disapproved or withdrawn nonemergency filing (Gov. Code §§11349.3, 11349.4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Resubmittal of disapproved or withdrawn emergency filing (Gov. Code, §11346.1)	<input type="checkbox"/> File & Print	<input type="checkbox"/> Print Only
<input type="checkbox"/> Emergency (Gov. Code, §11346.1(b))		<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____	

4. ALL BEGINNING AND ENDING DATES OF AVAILABILITY OF MODIFIED REGULATIONS AND/OR MATERIAL ADDED TO THE RULEMAKING FILE (Cal. Code Regs. title 1, §44 and Gov. Code §11347.1)

5. EFFECTIVE DATE OF CHANGES (Gov. Code, §§ 11343.4, 11346.1(d); Cal. Code Regs., title 1, §100)

<input type="checkbox"/> Effective January 1, April 1, July 1, or October 1 (Gov. Code §11343.4(a))	<input type="checkbox"/> Effective on filing with Secretary of State	<input type="checkbox"/> §100 Changes Without Regulatory Effect	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Effective other (Specify) 5/15/18
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6. CHECK IF THESE REGULATIONS REQUIRE NOTICE TO, OR REVIEW, CONSULTATION, APPROVAL OR CONCURRENCE BY, ANOTHER AGENCY OR ENTITY

<input type="checkbox"/> Department of Finance (Form STD. 399) (SAM §6660)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fair Political Practices Commission	<input type="checkbox"/> State Fire Marshal
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____		

7. CONTACT PERSON Brian Sperber	TELEPHONE NUMBER 213-337-4495	FAX NUMBER (Optional) 916-405-3512	E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional) brian.sperber@dfeh.ca.gov
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8. I certify that the attached copy of the regulation(s) is a true and correct copy of the regulation(s) identified on this form, that the information specified on this form is true and correct, and that I am the head of the agency taking this action, or a designee of the head of the agency, and am authorized to make this certification.

SIGNATURE OF AGENCY HEAD OR DESIGNEE 	DATE 04/24/2018
TYPED NAME (AND TITLE OF SIGNATORY) Holly Thomas, Deputy Director of Executive Programs	

For use by Office of Administrative Law (OAL) only  
**ENDORSED APPROVED**  
MAY 09 2018  
Office of Administrative Law

Fair Employment & Housing Council  
Readoption of Emergency Regulations  
Regarding Gender-Neutral Facility Signage

CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS

Title 2. Administration

Div. 4.1. Department of Fair Employment & Housing

Chapter 5. Fair Employment & Housing Council

Subchapter 2. Discrimination in Employment

Article 5. Sex Discrimination

TEXT

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Text proposed to be deleted is displayed in ~~striketrough~~ type (no text is proposed to be deleted).

§ 11034. Terms, Conditions, and Privileges of Employment.

(a) Compensation.

(1) Except as otherwise required or permitted by regulation, an employer or other covered entity shall not base the amount of compensation paid to an employee, in whole or in part, on the employee's sex.

(2) Equal Compensation for Comparable Work. (Reserved.)

(b) Fringe Benefits.

(1) It is unlawful for an employer to condition the availability of fringe benefits upon an employee's sex, including gender identity and gender expression.

(2) Insofar as an employment practice discriminates against one sex, an employer or other covered entity shall not condition the availability of fringe benefits upon whether an employee is a head of household, principal wage earner, secondary wage earner, or of other similar status.

(3) Except as otherwise required by state law, an employer or other covered entity shall not require unequal employee contributions by similarly situated employees to fringe benefit plans based on the sex of the employee, nor shall different amounts of basic benefits be established under fringe benefit plans for similarly situated employees.

(4) It shall be unlawful for an employer or other covered entity to have a pension or retirement plan that establishes different optional or compulsory retirement ages based on the sex of the employee.

(c) Lines of Progression.

(1) It is unlawful for an employer or other covered entity to designate a job exclusively for one sex or to maintain separate lines of progression or separate seniority lists based on sex unless it is justified by a permissible defense. For example, a line of progression or seniority system is unlawful that:

(A) Prohibits an individual from applying for a job labeled "male" or "female," or for a job in a "male" or "female" line of progression; or

(B) Prohibits an employee scheduled for layoff from displacing a less senior employee on a "male" or "female" seniority list.

(2) An employer or other covered entity shall provide equal opportunities to all employees for upward mobility, promotion, and entrance into all jobs for which they are qualified. However, nothing herein shall prevent an employer or other covered entity from implementing mobility programs to accelerate the promotion of underrepresented groups.

(d) Dangers to Health, Safety, or Reproductive Functions.

(1) If working conditions pose a greater danger to the health, safety, or reproductive functions of applicants or employees of one sex than to individuals of another sex working under the same conditions, the employer or other covered entity shall make reasonable accommodation to:

(A) Alter the working conditions so as to eliminate the greater danger, unless it can be demonstrated that the modification would impose an undue hardship on the employer. Alteration of working conditions includes, but is not limited to, acquisition or modification of equipment or devices and extension of training or education; or

(B) Upon the request of an employee of the more endangered sex, transfer the employee to a less hazardous or strenuous position for the duration of the greater danger, unless it can be demonstrated that the transfer would impose an undue hardship on the employer.

(2) An employer or other covered entity may require an applicant or employee to provide a physician's certification that the individual is endangered by the working conditions.

(3) The existence of a greater risk for employees of one sex than another sex shall not justify a BFOQ defense.

(4) An employer may not discriminate against members based on sex because of the prospective application of this subsection.

(5) With regard to protections due on account of pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions, see section 11035.

(6) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit the rights or obligations set forth in Labor Code section 6300 et seq.

(e) Working Conditions.

(1) Where rest periods are provided, equal rest periods must be provided to employees without regard to the sex of the employee.

(2) Equal access to comparable, safe, and adequate facilities shall be provided to employees without regard to the sex of the employee. This requirement shall not be used to justify any discriminatory employment decision.

(A) Employers shall permit employees to use facilities that correspond to the employee's gender identity or gender expression, regardless of the employee's assigned sex at birth.

(B) Employers and other covered entities with single-occupancy facilities under their control shall use gender-neutral signage for those facilities, such as "Restroom," "Unisex," "Gender Neutral," "All Gender Restroom," etc. This subsection does not apply to nonwater carriage disposal facilities in those workplaces covered by California Code of Regulations, title 8, sections 1526 (construction), 3364 (general industry), 3457 (agricultural operations), and 5192 (hazardous waste operations and emergency response). However, all other subsections of this section apply to such employers.

(C) To respect the privacy interests of all employees, employers shall provide feasible alternatives such as locking toilet stalls, staggered schedules for showering, shower curtains, or other feasible methods of ensuring privacy. However, an employer or other covered entity may not require an employee to use a particular facility.

(D) Employees shall not be required to undergo, or provide proof of, any medical treatment or procedure, or provide any identity document, to use facilities designated for use by a particular gender.

(E) Notwithstanding subsection (i)(1)(B) of this section, nothing shall preclude an employer from making a reasonable and confidential inquiry of an employee for the sole purpose of ensuring access to comparable, safe, and adequate multi-user facilities.

(3) Support services and facilities, such as clerical assistance and office space, shall be provided to employees without regard to the employee's sex.

(4) Job duties shall not be assigned according to sex stereotypes.

(5) It is unlawful for an employer or other covered entity to refuse to hire, employ or promote, or to transfer, discharge, dismiss, reduce, suspend, or demote an individual on the grounds that the individual is not sterilized or refuses to undergo sterilization.

(6) It shall be lawful for an employer or labor organization to provide or make financial provision for childcare services of a custodial nature for its employees or members who are responsible for the care of their minor children.

(f) Sexual Harassment. Sexual harassment is unlawful as defined in section 11019(b), and includes verbal, physical, and visual harassment, as well as unwanted sexual advances. An employer may be liable for sexual harassment even when the harassing conduct was not motivated by sexual desire. A person alleging sexual harassment is not required to sustain a loss of tangible job benefits in order to establish harassment. Sexually harassing conduct may be either “quid pro quo” or “hostile work environment” sexual harassment:

(1) “Quid pro quo” (Latin for “this for that”) sexual harassment is characterized by explicit or implicit conditioning of a job or promotion on an applicant or employee's submission to sexual advances or other conduct based on sex.

(2) Hostile work environment sexual harassment occurs when unwelcome comments or conduct based on sex unreasonably interfere with an employee's work performance or create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment.

(A) The harassment must be severe or pervasive such that it alters the conditions of the victim's employment and creates an abusive working environment. A single, unwelcomed act of harassment may be sufficiently severe so as to create an unlawful hostile work environment. To be unlawful, the harassment must be both subjectively and objectively offensive.

(B) An employer or other covered entity may be liable for sexual harassment even though the offensive conduct has not been directed at the person alleging sexual harassment, regardless of the sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation of the perpetrator.

(C) An employer or other covered entity may be liable for sexual harassment committed by a supervisor, coworker, or third party.

1. An employer or other covered entity is strictly liable for the harassing conduct of its agents or supervisors, regardless of whether the employer or other covered entity knew or should have known of the harassment.

2. An employer or other covered entity is liable for harassment of an employee, applicant, or independent contractor, perpetrated by an employee other than an agent or supervisor, if the entity or its agents or supervisors knows or should have known of the harassment and fails to take immediate and appropriate corrective action.

3. An employer or other covered entity is liable for the sexually harassing conduct of nonemployees towards its own employees where the employer, or its agents or supervisors, knows or should have known of the conduct and fails to take immediate and appropriate corrective action.

4. An employee who harasses a co-employee is personally liable for the harassment, regardless of whether the employer knew or should have known of the conduct and/or failed to take appropriate corrective action.

(g) Physical Appearance, Grooming, and Dress Standards. It is unlawful to impose upon an applicant or employee any physical appearance, grooming or dress standard which is inconsistent with an individual's gender identity or gender expression, unless the employer can establish business necessity (section 11010).

(h) Recording of Gender and Name. As provided in sections 11016(b)(1) and 11032(b)(2) of these regulations, inquiries that directly or indirectly identify an individual on the basis of sex, including gender, gender identity, or gender expression, are unlawful unless the employer establishes a permissible defense (section 11010). For recordkeeping purposes in accordance with section 11013(b), an employer may request an applicant to provide this information solely on a voluntary basis.

(1) An applicant's designation on an application form of a gender that is inconsistent with the applicant's assigned sex at birth or presumed gender may be considered fraudulent or a misrepresentation for the purpose of an adverse employment action based on the applicant's designation only if the employer establishes a permissible defense (section 11010).

(2) An employer shall not discriminate against an applicant based on the applicant's failure to designate male or female on an application form.

(3) If an employee requests to be identified with a preferred gender, name, and/or pronoun, including gender-neutral pronouns, an employer or other covered entity who fails to abide by the employee's stated preference may be liable under the Act, except as noted in subsection (4) below.

(4) An employer is permitted to use an employee's gender or legal name as indicated in a government-issued identification document only if it is necessary to meet a legally-mandated obligation, but otherwise must identify the employee in accordance with the employee's gender identity and preferred name.

(i) Additional Rights.

(1) It is unlawful for employers and other covered entities to inquire about or require documentation or proof of an individual's sex, gender, gender identity, or gender expression as a condition of employment:

(A) Nothing in this subsection shall preclude an employer from asserting a BFOQ defense, as defined above.

(B) Nothing in this subsection shall preclude an employer and employee from communicating about the employee's sex, gender, gender identity, or gender expression when the employee initiates communication with the employer regarding the employee's working conditions.

(2) It is unlawful to deny employment to an individual based wholly or in part on the individual's sex, gender, gender identity, or gender expression.

(3) Nothing in these regulations shall prevent an applicant or employee from asserting rights under other provisions of the Act, including leave under the California Family Rights Act and rights afforded to individuals with mental or physical disabilities.

(4) It is unlawful to discriminate against an individual who is transitioning, has transitioned, or is perceived to be transitioning.

Note: Authority cited: Section 12935(a), Government Code. Reference: Sections 12920, 12921 and 12940, Government Code; Section 118600, Health and Safety Code; *Meritor Savings Bank v. Vinson* (1986) 477 US 57, 67-68; *Harris v. Forklift Systems* (1993) 510 US 17, 23; *Lyle v. Warner Bros.* (2006) 38 Cal.4th 264, 273; *Fisher v. San Pedro Peninsula Hosp.* (1989) 214 Cal.App.3d 590, 608; *Miller v. Dept. of Corrections* (2005) 36 Cal.4th 446.