



## CALIFORNIA FAMILY RIGHTS ACT

COMPLAINTS MUST BE FILED WITHIN ONE  
YEAR OF THE LAST ACT OF DISCRIMINATION

# FILING A COMPLAINT

THE MISSION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING IS TO PROTECT THE PEOPLE OF CALIFORNIA FROM UNLAWFUL DISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT, HOUSING AND PUBLIC ACCOMMODATIONS, AND FROM THE PERPETRATION OF ACTS OF HATE VIOLENCE AND HUMAN TRAFFICKING.

If you believe your CFRA rights have been violated, you may, within one year of the discrimination, file a complaint of discrimination with the DFEH by following these steps:

- 1 | *Contact DFEH by using the information on the back of this brochure*
- 2 | *Be prepared to present specific facts about the alleged discrimination or denial of leave*
- 3 | *Keep records and provide copies of documents that support the charges in the complaint, such as paycheck stubs, calendars, correspondence (such as doctors' letters provided to the employer, emails, voicemail, etc.), and other potential proof of discrimination*

DFEH will conduct an impartial investigation. We represent the State of California. DFEH will, if possible, try to assist both parties to resolve the complaint.

If a voluntary settlement cannot be reached, and there is sufficient evidence to establish a violation of the law, DFEH may litigate the case in civil court. If a court decides in favor of the complaining party, remedies may include reinstatement, back pay, reasonable attorney's fees, costs, damages for emotional distress, and punitive damages.

### FOR MORE INFORMATION

Department of Fair Employment and Housing  
Toll Free: (800) 884-1684  
TTY: (800) 700-2320  
Online: [www.dfeh.ca.gov](http://www.dfeh.ca.gov)

Also find us on:



If you have a disability that prevents you from submitting a written intake form on-line, by mail, or email, the DFEH can assist you by scribing your intake by phone or, for individuals who are Deaf or Hard of Hearing or have speech disabilities, through the California Relay Service (711), or call us through your VRS at (800) 884-1684 (voice).

To schedule an appointment, contact the Communication Center at (800) 884-1684 (voice or via relay operator 711) or (800) 700-2320 (TTY) or by email at [contact.center@dfeh.ca.gov](mailto:contact.center@dfeh.ca.gov).

*The DFEH is committed to providing access to our materials in an alternative format as a reasonable accommodation for people with disabilities when requested.*

*Contact the DFEH at (800) 884-1684 (voice or via relay operator 711), TTY (800) 700-2320, or [contact.center@dfeh.ca.gov](mailto:contact.center@dfeh.ca.gov) to discuss your preferred format to access our materials or webpages.*

The Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA), enforced by the Department of Fair Employment and Housing (DFEH), contains family care and medical leave provisions for California employees. These leave provisions are known as the California Family Rights Act (CFRA).

Under CFRA and the New Parent Leave Act, if you have more than 12 months of service with your employer, and have worked at least 1,250 hours in the 12-month period before the date you want to begin your leave, you may have a right to family care or medical leave. In workplaces of 20 or more persons, this leave may be up to 12 workweeks in a 12-month period for the birth of a child or the placement of a child for adoption or foster care. In workplaces of 50 or more persons, this right to take leave also extends to leave taken for your own serious health condition or to care for a parent, spouse, or child with a serious health condition.

All employers covered by CFRA must provide information about CFRA to their employees and post this information in a conspicuous place where employees tend to gather. A poster that meets this requirement is available on DFEH's "Resources" page online ([www.dfeh.ca.gov](http://www.dfeh.ca.gov)).

EMPLOYERS WHO PROVIDE EMPLOYEE  
HANDBOOKS MUST INCLUDE  
INFORMATION ABOUT CFRA LEAVE IN  
THE HANDBOOK



# CFRA LEAVE REQUIREMENTS:

# RETURN RIGHTS AFTER CFRA LEAVE:

- To be eligible for CFRA leave, an employee must have more than 12 months of service with the employer and have worked at least 1,250 hours for that employer in the 12-month period before the leave begins.
- An eligible employee may take an unpaid leave to bond with an adopted or foster child or to bond with a newborn.
- An eligible employee may take unpaid leave to care for a parent, registered domestic partner, or child with a serious health condition. CFRA leave may also be taken for the employee's own serious health condition.
- Full-time employees may take leave of up to 12 work weeks in a 12-month period. Part-time employees may take leave on a proportional basis. The leave does not need to be taken in one continuous period of time.
- An employer may require a 30-day advance notice of the need for a CFRA-qualifying leave. When this is not possible due to the unexpected nature of the qualifying event, notice should be given as soon as practicable. Notice can be written or verbal and should include the timing and the anticipated duration of the leave, but an employer may not require disclosure of an underlying diagnosis. An employer must respond to a leave request within 5 business days.
- The employer may require written communication from the health-care provider of the child, parent, registered domestic partner, or employee with a serious health condition stating the reasons

for the leave and the probable duration of the condition. However, the health care provider may not disclose the underlying diagnosis without the consent of the patient.

- In addition to the family care and medical leave requirements of the CFRA, employers of five or more persons have additional obligations pertaining to pregnancy disability leave (PDL). Please refer to the DFEH publication "Pregnancy Leave" for more information.
- Employees are entitled to take CFRA leave in addition to any leave entitlement they might have under PDL. Leave taken for the birth or adoption of a child must be completed within one year of the event.

## SALARY AND BENEFITS DURING CFRA LEAVE

Employers are not required to pay employees during a CFRA leave. An employer may require an employee to use accrued vacation time or other accumulated paid leave other than sick time. If the CFRA leave is for the employee's own serious health condition, the use of sick time can be required.

If the employer provides health benefits under a group plan, the employer must continue to make these benefits available during the leave. Similarly, the employee is entitled to continue accruing seniority and participate in other benefit plans.

- 1 After CFRA leave, employees are guaranteed a return to the same or comparable position and can request the guarantee in writing.
- 2 If the same position is no longer available, such as in a layoff or closure, the employer must offer a position that is comparable in terms of pay, benefits, shift, schedule, geographic location, and working conditions, including privileges, perquisites, and status, unless the employer can prove that no comparable position exists. An employee is not entitled to reinstatement if the employee would have been otherwise laid off or terminated.

## FAMILY TEMPORARY DISABILITY INSURANCE (FTDI) OR "PAID FAMILY LEAVE"

Employees on CFRA leave of absence may also be eligible for six weeks of paid leave under FTDI, a program administered by the California Employment Development Department (EDD). For further information, contact the EDD at (800) 480-3287 or visit EDD's website at [www.edd.ca.gov](http://www.edd.ca.gov).